# 2015-2016 Annual Assessment Report Template

For instructions and guidelines visit our <u>website</u> or <u>contact us</u> for more help.

	Report:	BA Art Studio	
Question	n 1: Progra	m Learning Outcomes	
	e following Programeck all that app	m Learning Outcomes (PLOs) and Sac State Baccalaureate Learning Go	als (BLGs) <b>did you</b>
	cal Thinking		
	mation Literacy		
☐ 3. Writt	en Communicatio	n	
4. Oral	Communication		
☐ 5. Quar	ntitative Literacy		
☐ 6. Inqui	iry and Analysis		
7. Creat	tive Thinking		
☐ 8. Read	ling		
9. Team	n Work		
☐ 10. Prol	blem Solving		
☐ 11. Civi	ic Knowledge and	Engagement	
☐ 12. Inte	ercultural Knowled	dge and Competency	
☐ 13. Ethi	ical Reasoning		
☐ 14. Fou	indations and Skil	ls for Lifelong Learning	
☐ 15. Glol	bal Learning		
☐ 16. Inte	egrative and Appli	ed Learning	
17. Ove	erall Competencie	s for GE Knowledge	
18. Ove	erall Competencie	s in the Major/Discipline	
☐ 19. Oth	er, specify any as	ssessed PLOs not included above:	
a			
b			
C			
		background information about <b>EACH PLO</b> you checked above and othe plicitly linked to the Sac State BLGs:	er information such as
		ident groups in ART 133, "Elementary School Art	
		rate a habit of systematically exploring issues, idea	
		ng one 100 minute Lesson Plan to facilitate with the in mind. The juniors and seniors will (PLO 6: Critic	-
		CU's VALUE rubric):	ar mining
6.	1: Clearly st	ate the issue/problem (i.e., Big Idea of Lesson Plan	n), which needs
to	be consider	ed critically, comprehensively describe the issue/p	roblem, and
da	בווגיבר אוו דבוב	vant information nacessary for a full understanding	n of the

Q1.2.1. Do you have rubrics for your PLOs?
1. Yes, for all PLOs
2. Yes, but for some PLOs
3. No rubrics for PLOs
○ 4. N/A
5. Other, specify:
5. Other, specify.
Q1.3.
Are your PLOs closely aligned with the mission of the university?
● 1. Yes
O <sub>2. No</sub>
3. Don't know
Q1.4.  Is your program externally accredited (other than through WASC Senior College and University Commission (WSCUC))?
• 1. Yes
2. No (skip to Q1.5)
3. Don't know (skip to Q1.5)
S. Boll Child (Skip to Clie)
Q1.4.1.  If the answer to Q1.4 is <b>yes</b> , are your PLOs closely aligned with the mission/goals/outcomes of the accreditation agency?  1. Yes
O <sub>2. No</sub>
3. Don't know
Q1.5. Did your program use the <i>Degree Qualification Profile</i> (DQP) to develop your PLO(s)?
• 1. Yes
2. No, but I know what the DQP is
3. No, I don't know what the DQP is
O 4. Don't know
Q1.6.
Did you use action verbs to make each PLO measurable?
● 1. Yes
O <sub>2. No</sub>
3. Don't know
(Remember: Save your progress)
Question 2: Standard of Performance for the Selected PLO
Q2.1.
Select <b>ONE(1)</b> PLO here as an example to illustrate how you conducted assessment (be sure you <i>checked the correct box</i> for this PLO in Q1.1):
Critical Thinking

#### 02 1 1

Please provide more background information about the **specific PLO** you've chosen in Q2.1.

The Art Education program is assessing the Critical Thinking PLO as it relates to the culminating Lesson Plan assignment in ART 133, "Elementary School Art Education."

60% (3/5) of the group Lesson Plans will score 3.0 or above in all five dimensions using the VALUE rubric.

#### Q2.2.

Has the program developed or adopted **explicit** standards of performance for this PLO?

- 1. Yes
- O 2. No
- 3. Don't know
- O 4. N/A

#### Q2.3.

Please **provide the rubric(s)** and **standards of performance** that you have developed for this PLO here or in the appendix.

Excerpt from ART 133, "Elementary School Art Education," syllabus: Lesson Plan: Student groups will create one 100 minute Lesson Plan to present to ART 133 peers with elementary learners in mind. The instructor will design and blend these groups (i.e., major or minor in Art, major in Child Development, major in Liberal Studies, and/or Blended Liberal Studies) to simulate a team-teaching experience in a school or community setting. Students will be responsible for all components of the Lesson Plan to include:



Q2.4. PLO	Q2.5. Stdrd	Q2.6. Rubric	Please indicate where you have published the PLO, the standard of performance, and the		
			rubric that was used to measure the PLO:		
			In SOME course syllabi/assignments in the program that address the PLO		
<b>✓</b>	>	7	2. In ALL course syllabi/assignments in the program that address the PLO		
			3. In the student handbook/advising handbook		
<b>✓</b>			4. In the university catalogue		
<b>✓</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>✓</b>	5. On the academic unit website or in newsletters		
<b>✓</b>			6. In the assessment or program review reports, plans, resources, or activities		
<b>✓</b>	>		7. In new course proposal forms in the department/college/university		
<b>✓</b>	>		8. In the department/college/university's strategic plans and other planning documents		
			9. In the department/college/university's budget plans and other resource allocation documents		
			10. Other, specify:		

# Question 3: Data Collection Methods and Evaluation of Data Quality for the Selected PLO

Q3.1. Was assessment data/evidence collected for the selected PLO?			
● 1. Yes			
2. No (skip to <b>Q6</b> )			
3. Don't know (skip to Q6)			
4. N/A (skip to Q6)			
Q3.1.1.  How many assessment tools/methods/measures in total did you use to assess this PLO?  2			
Q3.2. Was the data scored/evaluated for this PLO?			
1. Yes			
2. No (skip to <b>Q6</b> )			
3. Don't know (skip to Q6)			
4. N/A (skip to Q6)			
Q3.2.1.			
Please describe how you collected the assessment data for the selected PLO. For example, in what course(s) or by what			
means were data collected:			
Juniors and seniors enrolled in "Elementary School Art Education" during FS 2015 completed their Lesson Plan assignment in ART 133 as their culminating experience. The Lesson Plan Rubric was used to assess Lesson Plans submitted by ten groups in two sections of the course. Grades were entered, and hard copies of the rubric were returned to students.			
More recently, the VALUE Critical Thinking rubric has been used to collect data from five			
(Remember: Save your progress) Question 3A: Direct Measures (key assignments, projects, portfolios, etc.)			
Q3.3. Were direct measures (key assignments, projects, portfolios, course work, student tests, etc.) used to assess this PLO?  1. Yes			
2. No (skip to Q3.7)			
3. Don't know (skip to Q3.7)			
Q3.3.1. Which of the following direct measures were used? [Check all that apply]			
1. Capstone project (e.g. theses, senior theses), courses, or experiences			
☐ 2. Key assignments from required classes in the program			
☐ 3. Key assignments from elective classes			
4. Classroom based performance assessment such as simulations, comprehensive exams, or critiques			
5. External performance assessments such as internships or other community-based projects			

6. E-Portfolios					
7. Other Portfolios					
8. Other, specify:					
Q3.3.2. Please explain and attach the direct measure you used to collect data:					
The completed Lesson Plan (Written) was the direct measure used to assess the Critica Thinking PLO. All five Lesson Plans are provided in one document (attached).  Group 1 (pp. 1-5)					
Group 2 (pp. 6-13)					
Lesson_Plan_Direct_Measure.docx 4.52 MB  No file attached					
O3.4. What tool was used to evaluate the data?  ○ 1. No rubric is used to interpret the evidence (skip to Q3.4.4.)  ○ 2. Used rubric developed/modified by the faculty who teaches the class (skip to Q3.4.2.)  ○ 3. Used rubric developed/modified by a group of faculty (skip to Q3.4.2.)  ○ 4. Used rubric pilot-tested and refined by a group of faculty (skip to Q3.4.2.)  ○ 5. The VALUE rubric(s) (skip to Q3.4.2.)  ○ 6. Modified VALUE rubric(s) (skip to Q3.4.2.)  ○ 7. Used other means (Answer Q3.4.1.)					
Q3.4.1.  If you used other means, which of the following measures was used? [Check all that apply]  1. National disciplinary exams or state/professional licensure exams (skip to Q3.4.4.)  2. General knowledge and skills measures (e.g. CLA, ETS PP, etc.) (skip to Q3.4.4.)  3. Other standardized knowledge and skill exams (e.g. ETC, GRE, etc.) (skip to Q3.4.4.)  4. Other, specify:  (skip to Q3.4.4.)  Q3.4.2.  Was the rubric aligned directly and explicitly with the PLO?  1. Yes  2. No  3. Don't know					
Q3.4.3. Was the direct measure (e.g. assignment, thesis, etc.) aligned directly and explicitly with the rubric?  1. Yes  2. No  3. Don't know  4. N/A					

Q3.4.4. Was the direct measure (e.g. assignment, thesis, etc.) aligned directly and explicitly with the PLO?  1. Yes 2. No 3. Don't know 4. N/A
Q3.5.  How many faculty members participated in planning the assessment data <b>collection</b> of the selected PLO?
Q3.5.1.  How many faculty members participated in the <b>evaluation</b> of the assessment data for the selected PLO?
Q3.5.2. If the data was evaluated by multiple scorers, was there a norming process (a procedure to make sure everyone was scoring similarly)?  1. Yes  2. No  3. Don't know  4. N/A
Q3.6.  How did you select the sample of student work (papers, projects, portfolios, etc.)?  The Art Education coordinator selected a sample of student work as a culminating experience in ART 133.
Q3.6.1. How did you decide how many samples of student work to review?
The Art Education coordinator selected one case (i.e., assignment) for all students in one section of ART 133.

Q3.6.2. How many students were in the class or program?
Q3.6.3. How many samples of student work did you evaluated?  5 collaborate works
Q3.6.4. Was the sample size of student work for the direct measure adequate?  1. Yes 2. No 3. Don't know
(Remember: Save your progress)  Question 3B: Indirect Measures (surveys, focus groups, interviews, etc.)
O 3.7.  Were indirect measures used to assess the PLO?  1. Yes  2. No (skip to Q3.8)  3. Don't Know (skip to Q3.8)  1. National student surveys (e.g. NSSE)  2. University conducted student surveys (e.g. OIR)  3. College/department/program student surveys or focus groups  4. Alumni surveys, focus groups, or interviews  5. Employer surveys, focus groups, or interviews  6. Advisory board surveys, focus groups, or interviews  7. Other, specify:
Q3.7.1.1. Please explain and attach the indirect measure you used to collect data:

Q3.7.2.  If surveys were used, how was the sample size decided?
Q3.7.3.
If surveys were used, how did you select your sample:
Q3.7.4.
If surveys were used, what was the response rate?
Question 3C: Other Measures (external benchmarking, licensing exams,
standardized tests, etc.)
Q3.8. Were external benchmarking data, such as licensing exams or standardized tests, used to assess the PLO?
1. Yes
2. No (skip to Q3.8.2)
3. Don't Know (skip to Q3.8.2)
Q3.8.1. Which of the following measures was used? [Check all that apply]
1. National disciplinary exams or state/professional licensure exams
2. General knowledge and skills measures (e.g. CLA, ETS PP, etc.)
3. Other standardized knowledge and skill exams (e.g. ETC, GRE, etc.)
4. Other, specify:
Q3.8.2. Were other measures used to assess the PLO?
1. Yes
<ul><li>2. No (skip to Q4.1)</li></ul>
O 3. Don't know (skip to Q4.1)
Q3.8.3.

If other measures were used, please specify:
<ul><li>■ No file attached</li><li>■ No file attached</li></ul>
(Remember: Save your progress)
Question 4: Data, Findings, and Conclusions
Q4.1.
Please provide simple tables and/or graphs to summarize the assessment data, findings, and conclusions for the selected PLO for Q2.1:
Score_Sheet.docx 104.81 KB   No file attached
Wo me attached
Q4.2.
Are students doing well and meeting the program standard? If not, how will the program work to improve student performance of the selected PLO?
performance of the solected F20.
The key assessments analyzed in the attached are Lesson Plans developed in five groups from one section of ART 133. Based on the standards and criteria from 6.1 to
6.5 in the Critical Thinking rubric, the majority of the Lesson Plans demonstrate Critical
Thinking skills. However, area 6.5 (Conclusions and related outcomes [implications and
consequences]) needs improvement, as 40% of the Lesson Plans scored 3.0 or below.
Meeting_Program_Standard.docx 57.97 KB
⊎ No file attached
Q4.3.
For the selected PLO, the student performance:
1. Exceeded expectation/standard
2. Met expectation/standard
3. Partially met expectation/standard
4. Did not meet expectation/standard
5. No expectation/standard has been specified
6. Don't know

Question 4A: Alignment and Quality						
Q4.4. Did the data, including the direct measures, from all the different assessment tools/measures/methods directly align with the PLO?  1. Yes 2. No 3. Don't know						
Q4.5. Were all the assessment tools/measures/methods that were used good measures of the PLO?  1. Yes 2. No 3. Don't know						
Question 5: Use of Assessment Data (Clo	sing the	e Loop)				
Q5.1. As a result of the assessment effort and based on prior feedback program (e.g. course structure, course content, or modification of the second of the	as a result ones.  3.) with	of your asses the Less	ssment of th	submiss	ude a	
Q5.1.2.  Do you have a plan to assess the <i>impact of the changes</i> that you anticipate making?  1. Yes  2. No  3. Don't know						
Q5.2.  How have the assessment data from the last annual assessment been used so far? [Check all that apply]	1. Very Much	2. Quite a Bit	3. Some	4. Not at All	5. N/A	
1. Improving specific courses	0	0	0	0	•	
2. Modifying curriculum	0	0	0	0	•	
	1		1	1		

3. Improving advising and mentoring	$\circ$	$\circ$	$\circ$	$\circ$	•
4. Revising learning outcomes/goals	0	0	0	0	•
5. Revising rubrics and/or expectations	0	0	0	0	•
6. Developing/updating assessment plan	0	0	0	0	•
7. Annual assessment reports	0	0	0	0	•
8. Program review	0	0	0	0	•
9. Prospective student and family information	0	0	0	0	•
10. Alumni communication	0	0	0	0	•
11. WSCUC accreditation (regional accreditation)	0	0	0	0	•
12. Program accreditation	0	0	0	0	•
13. External accountability reporting requirement	0	0	0	0	•
14. Trustee/Governing Board deliberations	0	0	0	0	•
15. Strategic planning	0	0	0	0	•
16. Institutional benchmarking	0	0	0	0	•
17. Academic policy development or modifications	0	0	0	0	•
18. Institutional improvement	0	0	0	0	•
19. Resource allocation and budgeting	0	0	0	0	•
20. New faculty hiring	0	0	0	0	•
21. Professional development for faculty and staff	0	0	0	0	•
22. Recruitment of new students	0	0	0	0	•
23. Other, specify:		•	•	•	

23. Other, spec

## Q5.2.1.

Please provide a detailed example of how you used the assessment data above:

Art Education program data is unavailable and/or non-existent due to lack of full-time faculty in recent past.

(Remember: Save your progress)

Additional Assessment Activities

#### Q6.

Many academic units have collected assessment data on aspect of their program that are not related to the PLOs (i.e. impacts of an advising center, etc.). If your program/academic unit has collected data on program elements, please briefly report your results here:

U No file attached U No file attached					
Q7. What PLO(s) do you plan to assess next year? [Check all that ap	Ívlad				
✓ 1. Critical Thinking					
2. Information Literacy					
3. Written Communication					
4. Oral Communication					
5. Quantitative Literacy					
6. Inquiry and Analysis					
7. Creative Thinking					
8. Reading					
9. Team Work					
10. Problem Solving					
11. Civic Knowledge and Engagement					
12. Intercultural Knowledge and Competency					
	13. Ethical Reasoning				
14. Foundations and Skills for Lifelong Learning					
15. Global Learning					
16. Integrative and Applied Learning					
17. Overall Competencies for GE Knowledge					
18. Overall Competencies in the Major/Discipline					
19. Other, specify any PLOs not included above:					
a.					
b.					
с.					
Q8. Please attach any additional files here:					
No file attached    N	No file attached				

Q8.1.

Have you attached any files to this form? If yes, please list every attached file here:

Lesson_Plan_Template
Lesson_Plan_Rubric
Lesson_Plan_Direct_Measure
Score_Sheet
Meeting_Program_Standard
Program Information (Required)
P1.
Program/Concentration Name(s): [by degree]
BA Art Studio
P1.1. Program/Concentration Name(s): [by department]
Art Studio BA
P2.
Report Author(s):
Amber Ward
P2.1. Department Chair/Program Director: Catherine Turrill Lupi
P2.2. Assessment Coordinator:
Amber Ward
P3. Department/Division/Program of Academic Unit Art
P4.
College: College of Arts & Letters
5
P5. Total enrollment for Academic Unit during assessment semester (see Departmental Fact Book): In Fall 2014, the Art Department had 252 undergraduate majors, 28 undergraduate minors, and
P6. Program Type:
1. Undergraduate baccalaureate major
2. Credential
3. Master's Degree
4. Doctorate (Ph.D./Ed.D./Ed.S./D.P.T./etc.)
O 5. Other, specify:
P7. Number of undergraduate degree programs the academic unit has?

P7.1. List all the names:
Art Education (please add Art Education drop-drop choice to the Report Template, and then change all Art Studio selections throughout to Art Education)
Art History
Art Studio
P7.2. How many concentrations appear on the diploma for this undergraduate program?
P8. Number of master's degree programs the academic unit has?
P8.1. List all the names:
Master of Arts in Studio Art (MA)
P8.2. How many concentrations appear on the diploma for this master's program?
P9. Number of credential programs the academic unit has?
P9.1. List all the names:
Single Subject Pre-Credential Program in Art
P10. Number of doctorate degree programs the academic unit has?
P10.1. List all the names:

https://sharepoint.csus.edu/aa/programassessment/\_layouts/Print.FormServer.aspx

7. Don't know

 $\bigcirc$ 

 $\odot$ 

When was your assessment plan	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
	Before 2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	No Plan
P11. developed?	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	0	•
P11.1. last updated?	0	0	0	0	0	0
		•				ı
P11.3. Please attach your latest assessment plan	ı:					
No file attached						
P12. Has your program developed a curriculum	map?					
1. Yes						
O 2. No						
3. Don't know						
P12.1.						
Please attach your latest curriculum map:						
ARTE_Roadmap.xlsx						
9 19.47 KB						
P13.						
Has your program indicated in the curriculu	m map where	e assessmer	t of studer	nt learning	occurs?	
O 1. Yes						
● 2. No						
3. Don't know						
<b>P14.</b> Does your program have a capstone class?						
1. Yes, indicate:						
• 2. No						
3. Don't know						
- 3. DOLL KIOW						
P14.1.						
Does your program have <b>any</b> capstone proj	ect?					
O 1. Yes						
② 2. No						
3. Don't know						

(Remember: Save your progress)

## Art Education Lesson Plan Template: ART 133

## Group 1 2 3 4 5 (please circle) **Print First and Last Names:**

Lesson Title*:		Big Idea*:	Grade Level <mark>*</mark> :
21 <sup>st</sup> Century Art Education Approach(es):			
Lesson Overview (~3 complete sentences)*:			
Key Concepts (3-4): What you want the students to know.*	Essential Q	uestions (3-4) <mark>*</mark> :	
1.	1.		
2.	2.		
3.	3.		
4	4.		
Lesson Objectives of three distinct content areas: (Excellent resource you want the students to do. *  1. Content area 1 Visual Art : The students will (TSW) be a 2. Content area 2 Literacy : The students will (TSW) be a 3. Content area 3 : The students will (TSW) be a Common Core State Standards (2-3): Please list grade-specific 1.  2.  3.	ble to ble to ble to		nnect the art form with the other two
National Core Art Standards: Visual Arts (grades 1-6 only) (4):	Please list	Lesson Activities & Procedures (plea	nse be very specific) <mark>*</mark> :
number and description of Anchor Standard.		1.	
1. Creating:		2.	
2. Presenting:		3.	
3. Responding:		4.	
1 Connecting:		5	

California Visual and Performing Arts Standards (g	rades 1-6 only) (3-5): Please	6.
check all that apply and add number and description of applicable content		7.
standard.		8.
1.0 Artistic Perception:		9.
2.0 Creative Expression:		10.
3.0 Historical & Cultural Context:		11.
4.0 Aesthetic Valuing:		12.
5.0 Connections, Relationships, Applications:		13.
List all materials needed in the columns below.		14.
Have	Purchase	15.
		16.
		17.
		18.
		19.
		20.
		21.
		22.
		23.
		24.
		25.
Anticipatory Set (beginning)*:		Closure (ending) *:
_		
Formative Assessment strategy (of assigned, peer-	-reviewed reading) <mark>*</mark> :	Summative Assessment strategy (artmaking experience):
Please respo	ond to the following question	s thoroughly and in complete sentences.
1. What student prior knowledge will this lesson	require/draw upon?	
2. How will you engage students in creating, eva	luating, analyzing, and/or ap	plying (see Bloom's new taxonomy, n.d.) in this lesson?

3.	How will this lesson allow for/encourage students to solve problems in divergent ways?
4.	How will you engage students in routinely reflecting on their learning?
5.	How will you adapt the various aspects of the lesson for differently-abeled students?
6.	What opportunities/activities will you provide for students to <b>share</b> their learning in this lesson?
Les	sson Resources/References (use APA; please identify, with an asterisk, article or chapter due for HW):

\* Include this information during the peer Presented Lesson Plan.

Some helpful links to new terms:

- Anticipatory set: <a href="http://www.cultofpedagogy.com/anticipatory-set/">http://www.cultofpedagogy.com/anticipatory-set/</a>
- Closure: http://teaching.colostate.edu/tips/tip.cfm?tipid=148
- Formative and Summative Assessment: https://www.cmu.edu/teaching/assessment/basics/formative-summative.html

## Reference

Silverstein, L. B. & Layne, S. (n.d.). Defining arts integration. Retrieved from

http://www.americansforthearts.org/networks/arts\_education/publications/special\_publications/Defining%20Arts%20Integration.pdf

Name	Group Date				
WORKING TOWARD PROFICIENCY	CRITERIA	ACCOMPLISHED			
	Written Lesson Plan				
	<ul> <li>Big Idea:         <ul> <li>Big Idea addresses a timeless, cross-cultural, cross-disciplinary, life-centered issue with layers of meaning potential.</li> <li>Key Concepts and Essential Questions are well chosen, well sequenced and scaffold understanding of the Big Idea.</li> <li>21<sup>st</sup> Century Art Education Approach(es) complement(s) the Big Idea.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
	Basic Elements:				
	<ul> <li>Lesson Overview clearly and concisely summarizes the importance of the lesson.</li> <li>Lesson Objectives are clearly and concisely stated and support understanding of the Big Idea.</li> <li>Lesson Standards soundly connect lesson learning to state and national mandated expectations.</li> <li>Vocabulary is clearly designated and concisely defined.</li> <li>Lesson Activities and Procedures are very detailed</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Student Engagement:</li> <li>Lesson demonstrates variety and innovation; considers interests, needs, and abilities of all.</li> <li>Lesson encourages student responsibility.</li> <li>Lesson offers opportunities for students to self-assess, peerassess, and/or share products of their learning.</li> </ul>				
	Reflective Questions:				
	Reflective responses are thorough and evidence a high degree of pedagogical knowledge, creativity, and insight.				
	Presented Lesson Plan				
Diagon energy the C.	The pre-service teacher, alongside peers, will engage her/his current population while being mindful of future goals as an elementary educator via the following Lesson Plan components:  Big Idea, Grade Level, Lesson Overview, Key Concepts, Essential Questions, Lesson Objectives, Vocabulary, Anticipatory Set, and Formative Assessment strategy. Through Lesson Activities and Procedures, the pre-service teacher will  design "chunked" and varied learning engagements, including a studio demonstration and brief investigation (~45 min).  manage time and transitions responsibly.  use technology and visual and written text to illustrate sequential and clear procedures.  Supplemental materials: Each  Lesson Plan group assigns one book chapter or peer-reviewed article to complement a 21st Century Art Education Approach.  pre-service teacher designs and completes a thoughtful, well-crafted teacher sample/exemplar.				
Please answer the fol	llowing prompt with a peer collaborator in mind: Given the choice, I'd l	like to work with			
l	again because				

Point Value: Written Lesson Plan = 12.5%	; Presented Lesson Plan = 12.5%
TOTAL Value:	

#### Art Education Lesson Plan Template: ART 133

#### Group 1 2 3 4 5 (please circle) Print First and Last Names:

Julie Westfall Lillian Juarez Inderjit Singh Rebecca Rodriguez Abilene Martinez

Lesson Title\*: Exploring Bias Through Color Big Idea\*: Colorism In Society Grade Level\*:6 21st Century Art Education Approach(es): Visual Thinking Strategies Lesson Overview (-3 complete sentences): We will implement VTS in order to analyze art related to colorism. Students will engage in viewing themselves using mirrors to help them mix paints to create their skin color. Students will then create a self portrait in which they explore colorism within themselves. Key Concepts (3-4): What you want the students to Essential Questions (3-4)\*: know.\* 1. How does colorism effect the treatment of people(s)? 1. Colorism is prejudice or discrimination against 2. How does colorism effect the self-esteem? 3. In what ways does colorism create boundaries within society? individuals with a dark skin tone, typically among 4. What does "colorism" mean to you/ in your life? people of the same ethnic or racial group 2. Portraits can help you think about your own and others identity Colorism effects the treatment of people(s) 4. How to accurately depict correct facial proportions Lesson Objectives: (Excellent resource at http://www.teachervision.fen.com/curriculum-planning/new-teacher/48345.html?for\_printing=1&detoured=3): What you want the students to do. \* 1. Content area 1 Visual Art: TSW accurately depict facial proportions 2. Content area 2 Msual Art: TSW reflect upon their experience through discussion as well as writing 3. Content area 3 Visual Art: TSW analyze images using VTS 4. Content area 4 ELA: TSW express their feelings about and experience with the studio in an art journal reflection Common Core State Standards (2-3): Please list grade-specific Identify & define vocabulary that connect the art form with standards. the other identified content areas\*: Reading Standards for Literature 6-12 1. Value- an idea that hold great worth to you or the worth 2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is that you attribute to an object, relationship, or cause conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text 2. Colorism- form of bias that is based primarily upon skin

#### distinct from

personal opinions or judgments.

Reading Standards for Informational Text 6-12

- 4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. Writing Standards 6-12
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information

through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. National Core Art Standards: Visual Arts (grades 1-6 only)(4): Please list number and description of Anchor Standard.

#### 1. CREATING

Anchor Standard 1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and

VA:Cr1.2.6a: Formulate an artistic investigation of personally relevan content for creating art.

#### 2.PRESENTING

Anchor Standard 5: Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation

VA:Pr5.1.6a: Individually or collaboratively, develop a visual plan for displaying works of art, analyzing exhibit space, the needs of the viewer, and the layout of the exhibit.

#### 3.RESPONDING

Anchor Standard 7: Perceive and analyze artistic work VA:Re.7.2.6a: Analyze ways that visual components and cultural associations suggested by images influence ideas, emotions, and actions.

#### 4.CONNECTING

Anchor Standard 11: Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding VA:Cn11.1.6a: Analyze how art reflects changing times, traditions, resources, and

#### cultural uses.

California Visual and Performing Arts Standards (grades 1-6 only)(3-

5): Please check all that apply and add number and description of applicable content standard.

#### 1.0 Artistic Perception:

tone and hair type, present in all cultures, occurs on an interand intra-group basis

Lesson Activities & Procedures (please be very specific) \*:

- 1. Introduce big idea
- 2. Discuss article assigned for homework more specifically students thoughts, feelings, and any past experiences with this topic
- 3. Give students an overview of the studio day
- 4. Present students with the essential guestions by having them popcorn read
- 5. State the lesson title with an image that demonstrates it
- 7. Introduce Key Concepts and Lesson Objectives
- 8. Introduce and define important terms including colorism and value
- 9. Engage students in VTS over the "ideal beauty" image
- 10. Ask students specifically about what they saw changed and why it may have been this way
- 11. Short lesson on facial proportions
- 12. Describe to students their task to create a half and half portrait from the neck up with one half being how you believe yourself to look in reality and the other half to be your ideal self
- Before beginning in regards to the half where students depict their ideal self ask, "If you could change something, would you, if not, why?"
- 14. Mixing paint demonstration using pea-sized amounts of paint, cotton swabs, and the 1/3 dark 2/3 light rule

ing, using varying tints,	15. Instruct students to use mirrors in front of them to	
	observe their own skin tone for a few moments	
nts analyze the role and	16. Then allow students to gather at testing stations where	
resent culture	they can formulate their own skin tone 17. Students must show an instructor their properly mixed paint before beginning their portrait 18. As students are checked off by instructors they will be directed to the area with pre-cut paper, paint brushes, and	
ty as it relates to the		
scribe plausible		
t		
ons	water tubs	
below.	19. As students finish up have a discussion about self-worth	
Purchase	that is based on many things other than physical features like	
	skin tone and hair type	
	20. Leave them with the questions of how colorism might	
N/A	affect other people and how it is relevant in their own lives.	
	21. Instruct students to write in their art journals about what	
	they learned about themselves through creating the self-	
	portrait as well as what mixing the paints made them feel	
	22. Collect artwork and post on the walls	
	Closure (Reflecting Anticipatory Set):	
	Whole class discussion about self-worth and feelings	
	regarding the studio process.	
֡֡֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜	nts analyze the role and present culture ty as it relates to the scribe plausible tons below.	

What student prior knowledge will this lesson require/draw upon?

Students will draw upon their prior knowledge of identity since it is assumed that the students participated in the lesson with the big idea of identity. Students will also recall basic color mixing skills.

How will you engage students in creating, evaluating, analyzing, and/or applying (see Bloom's new taxonomy, n.d.) in this lesson?

Students will create a self-portrait. Students will evaluate why they did it the way that they did in the journal. Students will analyze photos of colorism. Students will apply their knowledge by putting their art up on the walls and participating in the culminating discussion.

How will this lesson allow for/encourage students to solve problems in divergent ways?

This lesson will allow for and encourage students to solve problems in divergent ways by starting a conversation about colorism, but also leaving some questions unanswered like how does colorism create boundaries in society?

How will you engage students in **routinely reflecting** on their learning?

Students will routinely reflect on their learning through commenting on their process and feelings to instructors as they create and in their journal.

How will you adapt the various aspects of the lesson to differently-abeled students?

For differently-abled students the lesson could be modified to include VTS comments if desired by the students, aided mixing of paints with a partner or instructor assistance, and a less rigid expectation of facial proportion accuracy.

What opportunities/activities will you provide for students to **share** their learning in this lesson?

By posting their work on the walls students can share their learning with students in the classroom, visiting parents, and other classroom visitors.

Lesson Resources/References (use APA; please identify, with an asterisk, article or chapter due for HW):

Editorial Staff. "Colorism: The Development of Black Identity in Brazil." African Globe. N.p., 27 Jan. 2015. Web. 8 Nov. 2015. Jones, Michal 'MJ' "Colorism in the Black Community." Everyday Feminism. N.p., 09 Feb. 2015. Web. 9 Nov. 2015.

Luk, Ellis. "Totango Blog." Totango Customer Success Software Customer Lifetime Value Tag. N.p., 9 Sept. 2013. Web. 10 Nov. 2015.

"Mirror, Mirror...." A Preliminary Investigation of Skin Tone Dissatisfaction and Its Impact Among British AdultsViren Swami, Amy Henry, Nicola

Peacock, Ahkin Roberts-Dunn, and Alan PorterCultural Diversity and Ethnic Minority Psychology, Vol. 19, No. 4, pp. 468-476.

Perez, Ashly. "This Woman Had Her Face Photoshopped In Over 25 Countries To Examine Global Beauty Standards." BuzzFeed. N.p., 24 June 2014. Web. 10

Nov. 2015.

<sup>\*</sup> Include this information during the peer Presented Lesson Plan.

## Reference

Silverstein, L. B. & Layne, S. (n.d.). Defining arts integration. Retrieved from

http://www.americansforthearts.org/networks/arts\_education/publications/special\_publications/Defining%20Arts %20Integration.pdf

Kashia Moua

## Art Education Lesson Plan Template: ART 133

**Sydney Escobar** 

**Doug Anderson** 

## Group 1 2 3 4 5 (please circle) Print First and Last Names: Claire Fraga

Claire Padgett

Lesson Title*: Playing with the Senses		Big Idea*: Pleasure	Grade Level*:4-5
21st Century Art Education Approach(es): Play			
Lesson Overview (-3 complete sentences)*:			
The students will explore the idea of pleasure throu provided materials that they can interact freely usi experiment, and create artwork that excite their se	ng their five sense	s. Using the materials, the stude	
Key Concepts (3-4): What you want the students to know.*	Essential Question	ons (3-4 <mark>)*</mark> :	
Content area 1 <u>Visual Art</u> :     Sense stations promote experimental play with	What feelings/er	notions come to mind with the fre	eedom to create?
	. How does the ar	tist benefit from choice-based art	making?
The artist has the freedom to choose what 3. materials/medium provides the most enjoyment	What is it like to	be aware of all senses as you ex	plore and experiment?
piece without constriction or guidelines to follow.	How does the mo	eaning of familiar items change t Il senses?	hrough creation, while
Content area 2 <u>Science</u> :     Being conscious of all senses increases awareness of the body and exercises the mind.			
Content area 3 <u>Language Arts</u> :  Creating a title for the artwork, a quick write up,			
artwork placement, and discussion sums up the artist's feelings and experiences during the			

Γ	studio				
H	studio.				
- 1	Lesson Objectives: (Excellent resource at http://www.teachervision.fen.com/curriculum-planning/new-teacher/48345.html?for_printing=1&detoured=1): What yo				
- 1	want the students to do. *				
- 1	1. Content area 1 Visual Art : The students will (TSW) be able to apply the five senses in the context of art and art making				
- 1	2. Content area 2 Science : The students will (TSW) be able to experiment with materials to explore their qualities and how				
- 1	they can be used together.				
-	3. Content area 3 Language Art : The students will (TSW) be able				
	Common Core State Standards (2-3): Please list grade-specific standards.	Identify & define vocabulary that connect the art form with the other identified content areas*:			
- 1	Grade 4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development	Senses/Sensory- of or relating to the senses or sensation.			
- 1	and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-	Experiment- an act or operation for the purpose of			
- 1	specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	discovering something unknown			
- 1		Pleasure- a feeling of happy satisfaction and enjoyment			
- 1	2.Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in	Free-Choice - the ability or discretion to choose			
- 1	order to, in addition).	5. Depth- complexity and profundity of thought			
- 1		3. Depth- complexity and profundity of thought			
- 1	3. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.				
-					
- 1	National Core Art Standards: Visual Arts (grades 1-6 only) (4):	Lesson Activities & Procedures (please be very specific)*:			
- 1	Please list number and description of Anchor Standard.	Part 0Set up			
- 1	1. Creating: 1.2.5a				
•		Create 4 stations at 4 tables and label them "Smell",			
- 1	investigation to choose an approach for beginning a work of	"Sound", "Touch", and "Supplies"			
- 1	art.	At each station, place the materials that you have			
	2. Presenting: 6.1.4a				
•	Compare and contrast purposes of art museums, art galleries,	brought in at the appropriate station.			
	and other venues, as well as the types of personal experience. ♣	Materials that have a strong scent are at the "smell"			
	they provide.	station, materials that can be used to make sounds are			
	3. Responding: 7.1.4a	at the "sound" station, materials that have interesting			
•	Compare responses to a work of art before and after working				
	in similar media.				
	4. Connecting: 10.1.4a	art making materials (glues, scissors, paints) are at the			
•	Create works of art that reflect community cultural traditions.	"supplies" station.			
	California Visual and Performing Arts Standards (grades 1-6 3.				
	only) (3-5): Please check all that apply and add number and				
•	in similar media. 4. Connecting: 10.1.4a Create works of art that reflect community cultural traditions. California Visual and Performing Arts Standards (grades 1-6 3.	textures and forms are at the "touch" station, and ot			

description of applicable content standard.

1.0 Artistic Perception:1.5

 Describe and analyze the elements of art.(e.g., color, shape/form, line, texture, space, value), emphasizing form, as they are used in works of art and found in the environment.

2.0 Creative Expression: 2.3

 Use additive and subtractive processes in making simple structural forms.

3.0 Historical & Cultural Context: 3.1

Describe how art plays a role in reflecting life (e.g. photography, guilts, architecture, and sculpture).

4.0 Aesthetic Valuing: 4.1

 Describe how using the language of the visual arts helps to clarify personal responses to works of art.

5.0 Connections, Relationships, Applications: 5.1 Select a nonobjective painting, work in small groups to interpret it through dance/movement and then write a paragraph reporting on the arts experience. List all materials needed in the columns below.

are set before the activity, announce to the class that they may observe the arrangement with their eyes and quietly make predictions about what the activity will be. Remind them not to get too distracted by the interesting items and that they will have plenty of time to play with them when the activity starts.

#### Part 1--Explore the Materials

- 1. Explain to the students that for the first part of this activity, they will explore the materials provided at these "Sense Station". Each station has materials that they will use a particular sense to observe them with. They will smell the materials at the smell station, feel the the materials at the touch station, and listen to the materials at the sound station.
- 2. Divide the students as evenly as possible into 3 groups 3. Have the groups start off at one of the stations except
  - the "supplies" station

## Lesson Plan Template 4

7. After letting the students comment on their exploration, close the discussion and prepare the students for the next part of the activity.

#### Part 2--Creating Artwork through Play

- 1. Explain the instructions to the students. The students will now go back to the stations individually and pick out any material from any station that they found pleasurable during the first part of the activity. They can also pick out any other materials that they find interesting and/or they want to play and make artwork
- a. Before they go out to pick their materials, show the students some samples that you made so they have an idea of what they can do.
- 2. The students will then play with and arrange their materials in a way that makes them feel pleasure and enjoyment.
- a. They can make their artwork completely from the materials that are found at a particular sense station so that the artwork focuses on that particular sense.
- b. They can make their artwork by mixing and matching materials from all the stations, making artwork that can be seen, smelled, touched, and heard.
- c. Their artwork can be 2D (visual), 3D (visual and touch), and 4D (visual, touch, sound, smell, etc).
- d. Their artwork can be representative, functional, and/or abstract.
- e. Walk around and observe the students as they play and

	<b>4</b> . <b>5</b> .	provide help for students who need help putting things together (ie. handling hot glue guns) Give the students as much studio time as possible to play and create. With at least 15 minutes to the end of the class, stop the students and have them finish up their artworks while cleaning up the stations. Any materials that were not used goes back to the stations. When cleanup is done, hand out index cards and have the students write the name of their artwork down (if they want it to have one) and write a sentence or two describing their artwork, their intention behind their artwork, and/or what about their artwork did they enjoy. If time permits, have the students set their artwork and cards at their seats and walk around the classroom to check out their classmates artwork and read the cards. Afterwards, you can have a quick discussion about artwork, the use of the 5 senses in artwork, and the feeling of pleasure.
Anticipatory Set (Gaining Attention)*:  Bring in some items that the students can see, smell, touch, and hear. Let the students feel, play with, and pass them around. You can talk about the use of the 5 sense, what purpose do they serve, etc. to get the students thinking about their senses.  Can also serve as a VTS.		Closure (Reflecting Anticipatory Set):  After the studio, the students will have made artwork that they can see, smell, touch, and/or hear. Allow the students to check out each other's artwork and observe them using their senses.
Formative Assessment strategy (of HW via creating, evaluating, analyzing, applying, and/or understanding [Bloom,		Summative Assessment strategy:

#### n.d.1)\*:

Students will title their artwork on a notecard and write a brief description of the work. They will then seek a spot to "install" their work in our "gallery" setting. Students will then walk around and view their peer's works. When the students have had a chance to check out each other's artwork, bring the class together to comment and discuss the use of their senses in creating and viewing artwork and how those senses made them feel pleasure.

Have the students create and write in a sensory journal documenting the experiences (pleasurable or not) that they had during their day. You can have them share their journals to the class or as a partner activity if they feel comfortable enough to share. You can also use this journal to assess the students' writing and comprehension of the concepts learned in this unit.

What student **prior knowledge** will this lesson require/draw upon?

The students should be able to define the five senses, recognize some/most of the materials provided, and have experienced some sensory pleasure that they can describe.

How will you engage students in **creating, evaluating, analyzing,** and/or applying (see Bloom's new taxonomy, n.d.) in this lesson?

The students will use their senses to explore various materials which they will use to create artwork using the Big Idea of

How will this lesson allow for/encourage students to solve problems in divergent ways?

In school, they will be taught to solve most of their problems visually and/or auditory. Our lesson will allow the students to explore other ways to solve problems they encounter with their other senses and to find solutions by synthesizing their senses.

How will you engage students in **routinely reflecting** on their learning?

Have the students create and write in a sensory journal documenting the experiences (pleasurable or not) that they had during their day and why they felt that way. You can have them share their journals to the class or as a partner activity if they feel comfortable enough to share.

Providing students with enriching experiences in the form of field trips to the playground or presentations of fascinating materials, food, and creatures will allow the students to explore their senses further than could from their daily experiences.

How will you adapt the various aspects of the lesson to differently-abled students?

Students with visual disabilities should be able to do fine in the sensory exploring part of the studio. They will be provided aid

from their teacher, an aid, and/or a fellow student if they need it to arrange and put their artwork together. Students that have other disabilities that impair their other senses will also be accommodated during the artmaking process but they should be able to participate in the exploration process. If the students with disabilities choose not to make artwork, they can just play with the materials and enjoy the sensations. During discussions, they can talk about which materials they enjoyed and how they played with them.

What opportunities/activities will you provide for students to share their learning in this lesson?

Creating an exhibition after they have made artwork to let the students check out each others' works will allow them to see how other people used their senses to make artwork and have fun. You can also create a space to display their artwork for the class and for the rest of the school so the students can share their work and experiences with more people.

Lesson Resources/References (use APA; please identify, with an asterisk, article or chapter due for HW):

\*Barblett, L. (2010). Why play-based learning? Every Child, 16(3). Retrieved November 13, 2015, from http://www.earlychildhoodaustralia.org.au/our-publications/every-child-magazine/every-child-index/every-child-vol-16-3-2010/play-based-learning-free-article/

\*Perry, B. (n.d.). The Importance of Pleasure in Play. Early Childhood Today Magazine. Retrieved November 13, 2015, from http://teacher.scholastic.com/professional/bruceperry/pleasure.htm

\*Young, K (2013) The Importance of Pleasure, Psyched in San Francisco, Retrieved November 19, 2015, from http://www.psychedinsanfrancisco.com/the-importance-of-pleasure/

#### \* Include this information during the peer Presented Lesson Plan.

#### Reference

Silverstein, L. B. & Layne, S. (n.d.). Defining arts integration. Retrieved from

http://www.americansforthearts.org/networks/arts\_education/publications/special\_publications/Defining%20Arts

%20Integration.pdf

#### Art Education Lesson Plan Template: ART 133

Group: 3 Print First and Last Names: Katie Koehler

Anna Brown Spencer Moslev Kristina Owens Sonia Binner Lesson Title\*: Fantasy Is A Wonderland Big Idea\*: Fantasy Grade Level\*: 5 21st Century Art Education Approaches: Visual Culture unit 2: Meaning making unit 1: Lesson Overview : In this lesson, the students will learn about two artists and create a art piece based off the big idea: Fantasy. The students will explore and discuss the importance of imagination and incorporating that creativity into an art piece. The students will gain the knowledge of using perspective in an original work of art to create a real or imaginary scene. Key Concepts: What you want the students to Essential Questions \*: know.\* What is Fantasy? 1. Content area 1 Visual Art ....: Fantasy can be 2. How is Fantasy expressed by others? 3. Can Fantasy be realistic? the activity of imagining things. 4. In what ways is Fantasy demonstrated in art? Content area 1 Visual Art : Fantasy is free in form and usually improbable. Content area 2 \_\_\_ELA\_ \_\_\_: Fantasy can demonstrate abstract thought. 4. Content area 3 ELA : Fantasy can be transformed from a reality thought or experience. Lesson Objectives: What you want the students to do. \* 1. Content area 1 Visual Art : The students will be able to create an art piece that represents fantasy in their mind. 2. Content area 2 ELA : The students will be able to explain to their peers the transition that appeared during the process of changing the real picture into a fantasy picture. 3. Content area 3 ELA: The students will be able to combine ideas to create an innovative idea for art making. Common Core State Standards: Visual Arts- Creating Identify & define vocabulary that connect the art form with 1. Combine ideas to generate an innovative idea for art the other identified content areas\*: making: investigate, plan, make 1. Fantasy: "Imagination, especially when extravagant and 2. Demonstrate quality craftsmanship through care for and use unrestrained" of materials, tools, and equipment: investigate 2. Imagination: "The faculty of imagining or of forming 3. Create artist statements using art vocabulary to describe mental images or concepts of what is not actually present to personal choices in art-making: reflect, define the senses"

	3. Visualization: "To recall or form mental images or pictures"
	4. Science Fiction: "A form of fiction that draws imaginatively
	on scientific knowledge and speculation in its plot, setting,
	theme, etc."
	5. Reality: "The state or quality of being real"
	6. Abstract Thinking: "a level of thinking about things that is
	removed from the facts of the "here and now", and from
	specific examples of the things or concepts being thought
	about"
National Core Art Standards: Visual Arts (grades 1-6 only):	Lesson Activities & Procedures (please be very specific)*:
Please list number and description of Anchor Standard.	Begin intro with imaginative meditation
1. Creating:	2. Present big idea
2.1.5a: Experiment and develop skills in multiple art-	3. Present Key Concepts
making techniques and approaches through practice.	4. Present Essential Questions
2. Presenting:	5. Present inspirational Artists: Cyril (Aquasixio) Rolando,
6.1.5a: Cite evidence about how an exhibition in a	Sandy Skoglund
museum or other venue present ideas and provides	6. Present Rolando's artwork and Skoglund's artwork
information about a specific concept or topic.	7.Discuss studio
3. Responding:	8. Show studio example
7.2.5a: Identify and analyze cultural associations	9. Discuss studio media & where located
suggested by visual imagery.	10. Allow students time to do their artwork
4. Connecting:	11.Clean up using the directions on the power point
10.1.5a: Apply formal and conceptual vocabularies of art	12.
and design to view surroundings in new ways through art	13.
making.	14.
California Visual and Performing Arts Standards (grades 1-6	15.
only):	16.
_1.1 Artistic Perception: Identify and describe the principles	17.
of design in visual compositions, emphasizing unity, and	18.
harmony	19.
_2.6 Creative Expression: Use perspective in an original work	20.
of art to create a real or imaginary scene	21.
4.1 Aesthetic Valuing: Identify how selected principles of	

design are used in a work of art and how responses to and evaluation of the work List all materials needed in the columns Have  Acrylic Paint Construction Paper Magazines Water Paint Brushes Image (student provided) Scissors Permanent Markers	of art.	22. 23. 24. 25.
• Permanent Markers • Glue Sticks  Anticipatory Set (Gaining Attention)*: Imaginative meditation: Begin to create a picture in your mind of a place where you can completely relax. Imagine what this place needs to be like in order for you to feel calm and relaxed. Start with the physical layout of the place you are imagining where is this peaceful place? You might envision somewhere outdoors or indoors it may be a small place or large one create an image of this place. (pause) Now picture some more details about your peaceful place. Who is in this place? Are you alone? Or perhaps you are with someone else? Are there other people present? Animals? Birds? Imagine who is at your place, whether it is you only, or if you have company. (pause) Imagine even more detail about your surroundings. Focus now on the relaxing sounds around you in your peaceful place. Now imagine any tastes and smells your place has to offer. Imagine the sensations of touch including the temperature, any breeze that may be present, the surface you are on imagine the details of this calming place in your mind. Focus now on the sights of your place - colors, shapes objects plants water all of the beautiful things that make your place enjoyable. To add further detail to this relaxing scene, imagine yourself there. What would you be doing in this calming place? Perhaps you are just sitting, enjoying this place, relaxing. Maybe you imagine		Closure (Reflecting Anticipatory Set): Our students will take the imaginative thinking to create a fantasy art piece during the studio time.

walking around .... or doing any other variety of activities. Picture yourself in this peaceful place. Imagine a feeling of calm..... of peace..... a place where you have no worries, cares, or concerns.... a place where you can simply rejuvenate, relax, and enjoy just being. (pause) Enjoy your peaceful place for a few moments more. Memorize the sights, sounds, and sensations around you. Know that you can return to this place in your mind whenever you need a break. You can take a mental vacation to allow yourself to relax and regroup before returning to your regular roles. In these last few moments of relaxation, create a picture in your mind that you will return to the next time you need a quick relaxation break. Picture yourself in your peaceful place. This moment you are imagining now, you can picture again the next time you need to relax. When you are ready to return to your day, file away the imaginary place in your mind, waiting for you the next time you need it. Turn your attention back to the present. Notice your surroundings as your body and mind return to their usual level of alertness and wakefulness. Keep with you the feeling of calm from your peaceful place as you return to your everyday life.

Formative Assessment strategy (of HW via creating, evaluating, analyzing, applying, and/or understanding [Bloom, n.d.])\*:

Walker: Ch2 pg 24-27: Sandy Skoglund

Summative Assessment strategy:

Our group will be walking around and checking for understanding from each student.

What student prior knowledge will this lesson require/draw upon? Students are going to need an open mind.

How will you engage students in creating, evaluating, analyzing, and/or applying (see Bloom's new taxonomy, n.d.) in this lesson?

The students will be given a variety of examples and each student will create an art piece using the similar technique as the example.

How will this lesson allow for/encourage students to solve problems in divergent ways?

Each student will have to overcome the challenge of using their imagination to create a whole different art piece than the picture they brought to class.

How will you engage students in **routinely reflecting** on their learning?

Our group will be evaluating and checking for understanding as the students are creating their art piece.

How will you adapt the various aspects of the lesson to differently-abled students?

This lesson would be easy to adapt to differently-abled students. The student could choose to only use magazines or paint. The students could also use their fingers instead of a paintbrush. The students could rip the magazines instead of using scissors. Art is one of those subjects that work for almost all students because each student has a different way of art making.

What opportunities/activities will you provide for students to share their learning in this lesson? At the end of the day, each student will share what they made to their peers or the people around them.

Lesson Resources/References (use APA; please identify, with an asterisk, article or chapter due for HW): See below:

#### Reference

Free Relaxation Script: Peaceful Place. (n.d.). Retrieved November 8, 2015, from http://www.innerhealthstudio.com/peacefulplace.html

I don't come from | AquaSixio PortoFolio. (n.d.). Retrieved November 12, 2015, from http://sixinside.com/i-dont-come-from/

- (n.d.). Retrieved November 12, 2015, from http://www.corestandards.org/assets/CCSSI ELA Standards
- (n.d.). Retrieved November 16, 2015, from http://dictionary.reference.com/
- (n.d.). Retrieved November 12, 2015, from http://www.nationalartsstandards.org/sites/default/files/Visual Arts at a Glance new copyright info.pdf

Sandy Skoglund. (n.d.). Retrieved November 12, 2015, from http://www.famousphotographers.net/sandy-skoglund Silverstein, L. B. & Layne, S. (n.d.). Defining arts integration. Retrieved from

## Lesson Plan Template 6

 $http://www.americans for the arts.org/networks/arts\_education/publications/special\_publications/Defining\%20 Arts\_education/publications/special\_publications/Defining\%20 Arts\_education/publications/special\_publications/Defining\%20 Arts\_education/publications/special\_publications/Defining\%20 Arts\_education/publications/Special\_publications/Defining\%20 Arts\_education/publications/Special\_publications/Speci$ 

%20Integration.pdf

Visual Arts. (n.d.). Retrieved November 12, 2015, from http://www.cde.ca.gov/be/st/ss/vamain.asp

Walker, S. (2001). Teaching meaning in artmaking. Worchester, MA: Davis.

# Art Education Lesson Plan Template: ART 133

	Meghan De Groodt_ chard Mayberry		egan Stevenson
Lesson Title: life Beyong		Big Idea*:Life	Grade Level*:3
21st Century Art Education Approach(es): Holistic (Chesle	ey Bonestell)		
Lesson Overview (-3 complete sentences): Children will exploillustrate something that is living on their planet.	re and create their o	own planet using the materia	als provided. They will then
Key Concepts (3-4): What you want the students to know.*  1. Content area 1 Visual Art : Artists utilize basic formal structures (Elements and Principles) within an artwork to communicate meanings, ideas, and narratives.  2. Content area 1 Visual Art : Art is connected to other content areas.  3. Content area 2 : Art is connected to life.	Essential Question  1. What classifies 2. What classifies 3. How is Art relat 4. How is Art conn	as life? as not life? ed to other content areas?	
Lesson Objectives: (Excellent resource at http://www.teachervision.students to do. * 1. Content area 1 Visual Art : The students will (TSW 2. Content area 1 : Explore different mater 2 : Explores structures of li 3. Content area 3 : Create a small-scale drawn in the students will content area 3 : Create a small-scale drawn in the students will be students with the students will be supported by the supported by the students will be supported by	) be able to ials and techniques ife.	to making their planets	•

Common Core State Standards (2-3): Please list grade-specific standards.

- 1. Key Ideas and details #3 (pg 12): Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, 3. motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the sequence of events.
- 2. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas #7 (pg 14): Use information gained from illustrations and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text.

National Core Art Standards: Visual Arts (grades 1-6 only) (4): Please list number and description of Anchor Standard.

- 1. Creating: 3rd VA:Cr1.1.3a Elaborate visual information by adding details in an artwork to enhance emerging meaning.
- 2. Presenting: 3rd VA:Pr6.1.3a Identify and explain how and where different cultures record and illustrate stories and history of life through art.
- 3. Responding: 3rd VA:Re.7.2.3a Determine messages communicated by an image.
- 4. Connecting: 3rd VA:Cn10.1.3a Develop a work of art based on observations of surroundings

California Visual and Performing Arts Standards (grades 1-6 only) (3-5): Please check all that apply and add number and description of applicable content standard.

- 1.0 Artistic Perception:
- X\_2.0 Creative Expression: 2.1 Explore ideas for art in a personal sketchbook.
- 3.0 Historical & Cultural Context:
- X\_4.0 Aesthetic Valuing:4.1 Compare and contrast selected works of art and describe them, using appropriate vocabulary of art.
- X 5.0 Connections, Relationships, Applications: 5.3 Look at images in figurative works of art and predict what might happen next, telling what clues in the work support their ideas.

List all materials needed in the columns below.

Identify & define vocabulary that connect the art form with the other identified content areas\*:

- 1. surrealism:a 20th-century avant-garde movement in art and literature that sought to release the creative potential of the unconscious mind, for example by the irrational juxtaposition of images.
- 2. Life: the condition that distinguishes animals and plants from inorganic matter, including the capacity for growth, reproduction, functional activity, and continual change preceding death.
- 3. Solar system: the collection of eight planets and their moons in orbit around the sun, together with smaller bodies in the form of asteroids, meteoroids, and comets.
- 4. Planet:a celestial body moving in an elliptical orbit around a star.

Lesson Activities & Procedures (please be very specific)\*:

- 1. Set presentation up
- 2. Set materials on tables
- 3. Do presentation
- 4. Demonstration of studio (Megan)
- 5. Return to table. Have one person at each table grab materials
- 6. Pick either a white or black piece of paper.
- 7. Begin by drawing your ideal planet
- 8. Now add life to your planet (What does your planet need to survive?)
- 9. Add any additional materials that you want.
- 10.Lastly, name your planet and main life form on your planet.
- 11.Leave artwork on the table
- 12. Take the 5 tokens and start to look at other artists work 13. Hand out the tokens.

Have: -paper -markers -paint -paint brushes -crayons -colored pencils -glitters/other add ons	Purchase	
Anticipatory Set (Gaining Attention)*:		Closure (Reflecting Anticipatory Set):
Demonstrate other artist art work and pictur	res of our solar system.	Reflect on tokens and have artist raise their works if they had more then 2.
Formative Assessment strategy (of HW via cr analyzing, applying, and/or understanding [I		Summative Assessment strategy:
Test of our solar system.		Token system.
		·

What student prior knowledge will this lesson require/draw upon?

Knowledge of planets. Know how to use the materials. They need to know what makes up life.

How will you engage students in creating, evaluating, analyzing, and/or applying (see Bloom's new taxonomy, n.d.) in this lesson?

Use the powerpoint to engage students in creating their own planets and applying what they know about life.

How will this lesson allow for/encourage students to solve problems in divergent ways?

The lesson life will encourage students to have a broader sense of what life consist of. This will be helpful when problems occur with race/ gender issues.

How will you engage students in routinely reflecting on their learning?

We will engage student in routinely reflecting on their learning by allowing students to look at other students work to see other ideas of what life is.

How will you adapt the various aspects of the lesson to differently-abeled students?

Help support them throughout activity.

What opportunities/activities will you provide for students to share their learning in this lesson?

Walk around once everyone is don with project and look at other work, then have students place tickets on work they find (beautiful, unique, creative, most time spent, etc.)

Lesson Resources/References (use APA; please identify, with an asterisk, article or chapter due for HW):

Gurnon, D., Voss-Andreae, J., & Stanley, J. (2013). Integrating Art and Science in Undergraduate Education. Plos Biology, 11(2), 1-4. doi: 10.1371/journal.pbio.1001491

http://eds.b.ebscohost.com.proxy.lib.csus.edu/ehost/detail/detail? vid=11ftsid=501ff328-03b4-4014-91eb-3f3dfbbc3537%40sessionmgr198fthid=122ftbdata=#AN=86679240ftdb=aph

\* Include this information during the peer Presented Lesson Plan.

Reference

Silverstein, L. B. & Layne, S. (n.d.). Defining arts integration. Retrieved from

http://www.americansforthearts.org/networks/arts\_education/publications/special\_publications/Defining%20Arts%20Integration.pdf

### Art Education Lesson Plan Template: ART 133

#### Group 1 2 (3) 4 5 (please circle) **Print First and Last Names:** Jennifer Yang Katie Flowers Kaley McGrew Sarah Cook Tylia Banks Lesson Title\*: The Subconscious Mind Big Idea\*: Dreams and Nightmares Grade Level\*: 5 21st Century Art Education Approach(es): Choice Based, Meaning Making, Standard Base, Ryohei Hase Lesson Overview (-3 complete sentences)\*: Dreams and Nightmares are subconscious. Some are realistic and some are metaphorical. The concepts of dreams and nightmares will be presented through the student's artwork. The students will be able to interpret their peers artwork during the gallery walk. Key Concepts (3-4): What you want the students to Essential Questions (3-4)\*: know.\* What are dreams? 1. Content area 1 Visual Art: Dreams and 2. What are nightmares? 3. What causes dreams and nightmares? Nightmares can be 4. What do certain dreams and nightmares mean? visualized metaphorically through painting and drawing. 2. Content area 1 Visual Art: Dreams and Nightmares can be visualized realistically through painting and drawing. 3. Content area 2 Psychology: Dreams and Nightmares through the eyes of a psychologist. Lesson Objectives: (Excellent resource at http://www.teacheryision.fen.com/curriculum-planning/new-teacher/48345.html?for.printling=1&detoured=1); What you want the students to do. \*

1. Content area 1 Visual Art: Express their dreams and nightmares through painting or drawing. 2. Content area 2 Psychology: Grasp a better understanding of what dreams and nightmares mean.

3. Content area 3 Literature: Express their dreams and nightmares through writing.

The students will (TSW) be able to . . .

Common Core State Standards (2-3): Please list grade-specific standards.

 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using

effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

2. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in

groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts,

building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. 3.

Identify & define vocabulary that connect the art form with the other identified content areas\*:

 Dreams - a series of thoughts, images, and sensations occurring in a

person's mind during sleep.

- 2. Nightmares a frightening or unpleasant dream.
- 3. Subconscious of or concerning the part of the mind of which one is not

fully aware but which influences one's actions and feelings.

4. Metaphor - a thing regarded as representative or symbolic of something

else, especially something abstract.

5. Realism - representing familiar things in a way that is accurate or true to

National Core Art Standards: Visual Arts (grades 1-6 only) (4): Please list number and description of Anchor Standard.

1. Creating: Identify, describe, and visually document places and/or objects of

personal significance

2. Presenting: Develop a logical argument for safe and effective use of

materials and techniques for preparing.

3. Responding: Compare one's own interpretation of a work of art with the

interpretation of others

4. Connecting: Apply formal and conceptual vocabularies of art and design to

view surroundings in new ways through art making

California Visual and Performing Arts Standards (grades 1-6 only) (3-5): Please check all that apply and add number and

Lesson Activities & Procedures (please be very specific)\*:

- 1. Jennifer will present slides 1-2
- 2. Sarah will present slide 3
- 3. Kaley will present slides 4-5
- 4. Sarah will present slide 6
- 5. Jennifer will present slide 7
- 6. Katie will present slides 8-12
- 7. Tylia will present slides 13-14
- 8. Tylia will demonstrate the studio.
- Grab a piece of black or white paper.
- 10. Get any material you would like to use (pencil, sharpies, paint brushes,

water color paint and pencils, cotton balls, tissue papers, glue, scissors,

tape)

11. Cut your black or white paper into the shape of a cloud.

description of applicable content standar		12. Glue all objects on the black or white paper before you				
_X_1.0 Artistic Perception: Identify and d	escribe characteristics	paint or draw on				
of		them.				
representational, abstract, and nonrep	resentational works of	13. Now draw or paint the dream or nightmare that you				
art		discussed in your				
_X_2.0 Creative Expression: Use perspec	tive in an original	group.				
work of art to		14. When you are finished, tape the string/yarn to the back of				
create a real or imaginary scene.		your cloud				
3.0 Historical & Cultural Context:		and hang it up in the classroom.				
_X_4.0 Aesthetic Valuing: Identify how se	elected principles of	15. As the students are working on this, we will walk around				
design are used		and ask some				
in a work of art and how they affect pe	rsonal responses to	of the students what their drawing/painting is about, what				
and evaluation of		it represents,				
the work of art		and something that they can relate to about the article				
5.0 Connections, Relationships, Applic	cations:	they read.				
		16. When the students are done, the youngest person in each table will clean up all the materials and the oldest person in				
List all materials needed in the columns I	below.					
Have	Purchase	each table will pick up any scraps and throw them away.				
- Pencils and Sharpies -	- Cotton balls	17. Sarah will lead the gallery walk for 15 minutes.				
Tissue paper		18. Sarah will then have the students discuss in their table				
- Watercolor paint and pencils -		about the classrooms' artwork.				
Tape						
- White and black paper -						
Yarn/String						
- Glue						
- Scissors						
- Paintbrushes						
Anticipatory Set (Gaining Attention)*:		Closure (Reflecting Anticipatory Set):				
We will ask the students to share and dis	cuss in their table	The students will have a 15 minute gallery walk and discuss				
about a current or reoccurring dream.		about each painting/drawing.				
Formative Assessment strategy (of HW v	_	Summative Assessment strategy:				
evaluating, analyzing, applying, and/or u	nderstanding [Bloom,	15 minute gallery walk around the room.				

n.d.])\*:

We will check in with the students by talking to them about their art work and how it relates to the article.

What student prior knowledge will this lesson require/draw upon?

What a dream and nightmare is and a memory of a dream.

How will you engage students in creating, evaluating, analyzing, and/or applying (see Bloom's new taxonomy, n.d.) in this lesson?

We will ask the students to share and discuss in their table about a current or reoccurring dream.

How will this lesson allow for/encourage students to solve problems in divergent ways?

This lesson will help the students process, understand, and work through dreams and nightmares.

How will you engage students in **routinely reflecting** on their learning?

By going around the room and asking them about their art work. They will also have their presentation (gallery walk) and discussion at the end of class.

How will you adapt the various aspects of the lesson to differently-abeled students?

If a student has emotional issues with dreams, we will give them emotional support. We will help them work through their issue. Therapeutic process.

What opportunities/activities will you provide for students to share their learning in this lesson? Gallery walk and conclusion discussion.

Lesson Resources/References (use APA; please identify, with an asterisk, article or chapter due for HW): Harris, K (2013). Teacher, I had a dream: a glimpse of the spiritual domain of children using project-based learning. International Journal Of Children's Spirituality, 18(3), 281-293. doi:10.1080/1364436X.2013.858665

<sup>\*</sup> Include this information during the peer Presented Lesson Plan.

### Reference

Silverstein, L. B. & Layne, S. (n.d.). Defining arts integration. Retrieved from

http://www.americansforthearts.org/networks/arts\_education/publications/special\_publications/Defining%20Arts %20Integration.pdf

# **Meeting Program Standard**

	Total percentage of Lesson Plans that scored 3.0 or above	Met the standard or not? (Standard: 60% [3/5] of the group Lesson Plans will score 3.0 or above in all five dimensions using the VALUE rubric.)
6.1: Explanation of issues	100%	Met
6.2: Evidence (selecting and using information to investigate a point of view or conclusion)	100%	Met
6.3: Influence of context and assumptions	100%	Met
6.4: Students' position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis)	60%	Met
6.5: Conclusions and related outcomes (implications and consequences)	40%	Didn't meet

# **Critical Thinking Data Collection Score Sheet**

Group 1	Capstone	Milestone	Milestone	Benchmark
Criterion	(4)	(3)	(2)	(1)
6.1: Explanation of issues	X			
6.2: Evidence (selecting and using information to		X		
investigate a point of view or conclusion)				
6.3: Influence of context and assumptions	X			
6.4: Students' position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis)		X		
6.5: Conclusions and related outcomes (implications			X	
and consequences)				

Group 2	Capstone	Milestone	Milestone	Benchmark
Criterion	(4)	(3)	(2)	(1)
6.1: Explanation of issues	X			
6.2: Evidence (selecting and using information to	Χ			
investigate a point of view or conclusion)				
6.3: Influence of context and assumptions	X			
6.4: Students' position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis)			X	
6.5: Conclusions and related outcomes (implications	Χ			
and consequences)				

Group 3	Capstone	Milestone	Milestone	Benchmark
Criterion	(4)	(3)	(2)	(1)
6.1: Explanation of issues	X			
6.2: Evidence (selecting and using information to		X		
investigate a point of view or conclusion)				
6.3: Influence of context and assumptions	X			
6.4: Students' position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis)	X			
6.5: Conclusions and related outcomes (implications			X	
and consequences)				

Group 4	Capstone	Milestone	Milestone	Benchmark
Criterion	(4)	(3)	(2)	(1)
6.1: Explanation of issues		X		
6.2: Evidence (selecting and using information to		X		
investigate a point of view or conclusion)				
6.3: Influence of context and assumptions		X		
6.4: Students' position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis)			X	
6.5: Conclusions and related outcomes (implications			X	
and consequences)				

Group 5	Capstone	Milestone	Milestone	Benchmark
Criterion	(4)	(3)	(2)	(1)
6.1: Explanation of issues	X			
6.2: Evidence (selecting and using information to	X			
investigate a point of view or conclusion)				
6.3: Influence of context and assumptions		X		
6.4: Students' position (perspective, thesis/hypothesis)		X		
6.5: Conclusions and related outcomes (implications		X		
and consequences)				

TOTAL UNITS	120		<b>UNIT SUM</b>				
Course/Requirement Description	Subject	Catalog #	Units	Min Grade	pre-req	Requirement Line Notes	general notes
SEMESTER 1							
GE Area A1			3				
GE Area A2			3				
GE Area E			3				
							Complete Area D from three different disciplines. Take US History if not demostrated competency through challenge exam or AP History exam with
GE Area D (US History)			3				score of 3 or higher.
Art Studio Foundation course	ART	20A	3				GE Area C1 (The Arts)
SEMESTER 2							
GE Area A3			3				
GE Area B4			3				
Art History core course	ART	1A	3				GE Area C-1 (The Arts) Choose one of three
Art Studio Foundation course	ART		3				courses, after completing 20A
Elective	Airi		3				
SEMESTER 3							
GE Area C2- Humanities			3				
GE Area B1 w/B3			3			3-4 units	
English 20			3			o runius	
			3			If requirement not completed in high school or through testing, substitute two semesters of Foreign Language for	2 Aunite
Elective/Foreign Language						electives	3-4 units

ART	1B	3			
					GE Area C-1 (The Arts)
					Complete Area D from
					three different
					disciplines
		3			3-4 units
				· ·	
				•	
				electives	3-4 units
ART	1C	3			
					GE Area C-1 (The Arts)
ART		3			Choose one of three
					courses, after
					completing 20A
		2			
		3			Complete Area D from
					three different
					disciplines. Take US
					Government & Politics
					if not demostrated
					competency through
					challenge exam or AP
					History exam with
ADT		2			score of 3 or higher. Choose one of 11 non-
AKI		3			Western courses
+		2			Choose one of three
		3			courses, after
					completing 20A
	1				Completing ZOA
ΛRT	70 or 88	2			Take one of the two
ART	70 or 88	3			Take one of the two
	ART	ART	ART 3	3 ART 1C 3 ART 3 ART ART 3 ART 3	ART 3  ART 3  ART 3  ART 3  ART 3  ART 3

SEMESTER 6					
GE Area C- Upper Division			3		
Art Studio Foundation: choice	ART	50 or 53	3		Take one of the two
Art Studio Foundation: choice	ART		3		Choose one of eight
	ART	133	3	Upper division status	
Art Education course				required	Offered each semester
Elective			3		
SEMESTER 7					
			3		Complete Area D from three different
GE Area D Upper Division		100			disciplines
Art Education course	ART	130	3	Upper division status required	Offered in Fall semesters
Art Studio depth, course 1			3		Choose one course from Group 1, 2 or 3
Elective			3		
Elective			3		
SEMESTER 8					
GE Area C Upper Division (Writing Intensive)			3	Writing Intensive class after complete WPJ or ENGL 109W/M before enrolling	
Art Education course	ART	135	3	Prereq. Is ART 133	Offered in Spring semesters
Art Studio depth, course 2	ART		3		Choose second course from Group 1, 2 or 3; should be same Group as Art Studio depth, course 1
Elective		+	3		
Elective			3		